The Federal Open Market Committee decided today to keep its target for the federal funds rate at 2 percent.

<u>Economic</u>Recent information indicates that overall economic activity <u>expanded in the second</u> <u>quarter, continues to expand</u>, partly reflecting <u>growthsome firming</u> in <u>consumerhousehold</u> spending <u>and exports.</u>.- However, labor markets have softened further and financial markets remain under considerable stress.- Tight credit conditions, the ongoing housing contraction, and <u>elevatedthe rise in</u> energy prices are likely to weigh on economic growth over the next few quarters. <u>Over time, the substantial easing of monetary policy, combined with ongoing measures</u> to foster market liquidity, should help to promote moderate economic growth.

<u>Inflation has been high, spurred by</u> The Committee expects inflation to moderate later this year and next year. However, in light of the <u>earliercontinued</u> increases in the prices of energy and some other commodities, and the elevated state of some indicators of inflation expectations have been elevated. The Committee expects inflation to moderate later this year and next year, but, uncertainty about the inflation outlook remains <u>highly uncertain.high</u>.

The substantial easing of monetary policy to date, combined with ongoing measures to foster market liquidity, should help to promote moderate growth over time. Although downside risks to growth remain, they appear to have diminished somewhat, and the upside risks to inflation are also of significant concern to the Committee. and inflation expectations have increased. The Committee will continue to monitor economic and financial developments and will act as needed to promote sustainable economic growth and price stability.

Voting for the FOMC monetary policy action were: Ben S. Bernanke, Chairman; Timothy F. Geithner, Vice Chairman; <u>Elizabeth A. Duke</u>; Donald L. Kohn; Randall S. Kroszner; Frederic S. Mishkin; Sandra Pianalto; Charles I. Plosser; Gary H. Stern; and Kevin M. Warsh.- Voting against was Richard W. Fisher, who preferred an increase in the target for the federal funds rate at this meeting.